

Non-isolated high precision analog input board
for Low Profile PCI
AD16-64(LPCI)LA



* Specifications, color and design of the products are subject to change without notice.

Features

Multi channel analog input

Capable of analog input of 64 single-ended input channels or 32 differential input channels.

The selection of the single-ended input and the difference input can be set with software.

Rich set of basic functions

Compact system providing high-precision analog inputs.

Equipped with analog inputs, analog input control signals (TTL level, 3ch), digital inputs (TTL level, 4ch), digital outputs (TTL level, 4ch), and counter (TTL level 32-bit, 1ch)

Substantial control functions

Capable of analog input either time-based mode or external-signal synchronous mode.

Filter function facilitating external signal connection

The external control signals for analog input incorporate a digital filter to prevent problems such as chattering.

Software-based adjustment function

Adjustment of analog input can be all performed by software. Apart from the adjustment information prepared before shipment, additional adjustment information can be stored according to the use environment.

Exchangeable Low Profile size and standard size slots

Support for both of Low Profile size and standard size slots (interchangeable with a bundled bracket).

Supported to the data logger software [C-LOGGER]

Supporting the data logger software [C-LOGGER] that enables the graph display of recorded signal data, file saving, and dynamic transfer to the spreadsheet software program "Excel"

Plug-ins for the dedicated libraries, the board also supports MATLAB and LabVIEW.

We offer a dedicated library [ML-DAQ], which allows you to use this product on MATLAB by the MathWorks as well as another dedicated library [VI-DAQ], which allows you to use the product on LabVIEW.

These dedicated libraries are available, free of charge (downloadable), on our web site.

This product is a PCI bus compatible interface board with 64 high-precision, 16-bit analog input channels, digital input and output channels (4 channels each), and a 32-bit counter (1 channel)

This product supports a Low Profile size slot and, if replaced with the supplied bracket, supports a standard size slot, too. The board can build a space-saving PC into a cost-effective analog input system.

Using the bundled API function library package [API-PAC(W32)], you can create Windows application software for this board in your favorite programming language supporting Win32 API functions, such as Visual Basic or Visual C++.

*The contents in this document are subject to change without notice.

*Visit the CONTEC website to check the latest details in the document.

*The information in the data sheets is as of August, 2022.

Specifications

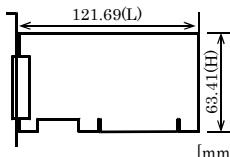
Item	Specification
Analog input	
Isolated specification	Unisolated
Input type	Single-Ended Input or Differential Input (by software)
Input channel	64ch
Input range	Bipolar ±10V
Absolute max. input voltage	±20V
Input impedance	1MΩ or more
Resolution	16bit
Non-linearity error *1 *2	±5LSB
Conversion speed	10μ sec/ch
Buffer memory	1k Word
Conversion start trigger	Software / external trigger
Conversion stop trigger	Number of sampling times / external trigger / software
External start signal	TTL level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (select 1μ sec by software)
External stop signal	TTL level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (select 1μ sec by software)
External clock signal	TTL level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software) Digital filter (select 1μ sec by software)
Digital I/O	
Number of input channels	Unisolated input 4ch (LVTTL level positive logic)
Number of output channels	Unisolated output 4ch (LVTTL level positive logic)
Counter	
Number of channels	1ch
Counting system	Up count
Max. count	FFFFFFFFFFh (Binary data,32bit)
Number of external inputs	2 TTL level (Gate/Up) Gate (High level), Up (Rising edge)
Number of external outputs	TTL level Count match output (positive logic, pulse output)
Response frequency	10MHz (Max.)
Common	
I/O address	64 ports boundary
Interruption level	Errors and various factors, One interrupt request line as INTA
Connector	HDRA-E6BW1LFDT-SL (HONDA) or equivalent to it
Power consumption	5VDC 450mA (Max.)
Operating condition	0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation)
PCI bus specification	32bit, 33MHz, Universal key shapes supported *3
Dimension (mm)	121.69(L) x 63.41 (H)
Weight	60g
Standard	VCCI Class A, CE Marking (EMC Directive Class A, RoHS Directive), UKCA

*1 The non-linearity error means an error of approximately 0.1% occurs over the maximum range at 0°C and 50°C ambient temperature.

*2 At the time of the source use of a signal which built in the high-speed operational amplifier.

*3 This board requires +5V power supply from expansion slots (it does not operate in the environment of only +3.3V power supply).

Board Dimensions



The standard outside dimension(L) is the distance from the end of the board to the outer surface of the slot cover.

Support Software

Windows version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(WDM)

The API-AIO(WDM) is the Windows version driver library software that provides products in the form of Win32 API functions (DLL). Various sample programs such as Visual Basic and Visual C++, etc and diagnostic program useful for checking operation is provided.

You can download the updated version from the CONTEC's Web site. For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Linux version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(LNX)

The API-AIO(LNX) is the Linux version driver software which provides device drivers (modules) by shared library and kernel version. Various sample programs of gcc are provided.

You can download the updated version from the CONTEC's Web site. For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Logger Software C-LOGGER

C-LOGGER is a data logger software program compatible with our analog I/O products. This program enables the graph display of recorded signal data, zoom observation, file saving, and dynamic transfer to the spreadsheet software "Excel". No troublesome programming is required.

Data Acquisition library for MATLAB ML-DAQ

This is the library software which allows you to use our analog I/O device products on MATLAB by the MathWorks. Each function is offered in accordance with the interface which is integrated in MATLAB's Data Acquisition Toolbox.

Data acquisition VI library for LabVIEW VI-DAQ

This is a VI library to use in National Instruments LabVIEW.

VI-DAQ is created with a function form similar to that of LabVIEW's Data Acquisition VI, allowing you to use various devices without complicated settings.

Cable & Connector

Cable (Option)

Shielded cables with two-ended connector for 68-pin half-pitch connector : PCB68PS-0.5P (0.5m)
: PCB68PS-1.5P (1.5m)

Shielded cables with single-ended connector for 68-pin half-pitch connector : PCA68PS-0.5P (0.5m)
: PCA68PS-1.5P (1.5m)

68/96-pin conversion shielded cable for analog input/output
: ADC-68M/96F (0.5m)

* Two sets of cables are required to use both connector CNA and CNB.

Accessories

Accessories (Option)

Screw Terminal (M2.5 x 96P)	: DTP-64A *1*3
Screw Terminal (M3 x 68P)	: EPD-68A *2*3*4
Screw Terminal (M3 x 96P)	: EPD-96A *1*3*4
Screw Terminal (M3.5 x 96P)	: EPD-96 *1*3
BNC Terminal Unit (analog input 32ch)	: ATP-32F *1*3
BNC Terminal Unit (analog input 8ch)	: ATP-8 *1*3*5

*1 ADC-68M/96F optional cable is required separately.

*2 PCB68PS-0.5P or PCB68PS-1.5P optional cable is required separately.

*3 Two sets of cables are required to use both connector CNA and CNB.

*4 "Spring-up" type terminal is used to prevent terminal screws from falling off.

*5 Can be used in CNA channels 0 - 7 or CNB channels 32 - 39.

* For details on the range channels available to each terminal panel, see page 3 "Connecting example of option".

* Check the CONTEC's Web site for more information on these options.

Packing List

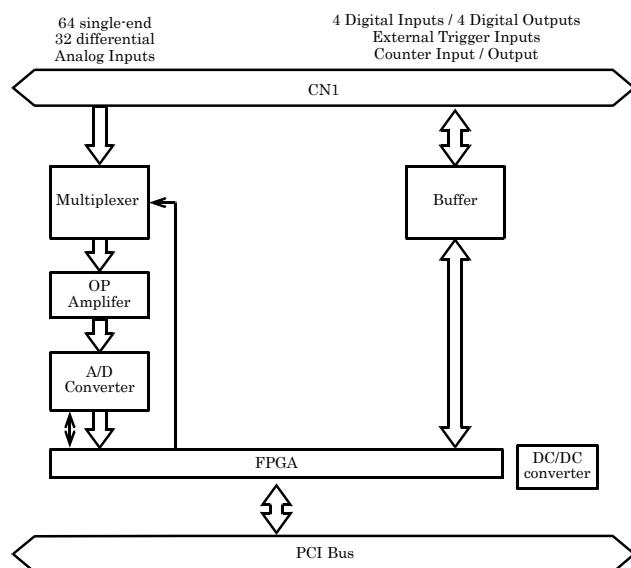
Board [AD16-64(LPCI)LA] ...1

First step guide ... 1

Disk [API-PAC(W32)] ...1

Standard-sized bracket...1

Block Diagram

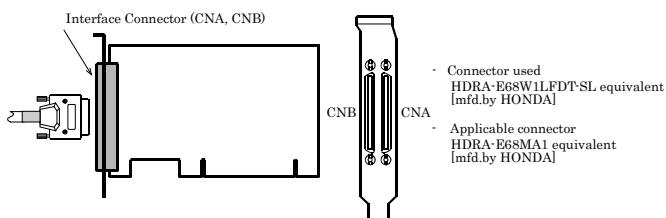


How to connect the connectors

Connector shape

The optional connector cable (PCB68PS-**P, ADC-68M/96F or PCA68PS-**P) is used to connect the board to external devices. The cable is used together with a terminal block to connect external devices.

Two sets of cables are required depending on the number of channels used.



Connecting example of option

	Connector at board side connection destination	Analog input		Analog input control signal *1	Digital input Digital output	Counter I/O *2
		Single-ended input	Differential input			
EPD-96A	Only CNA is used.	channel 0 - 31	channel 0 - 15	○	○	○
EPD-96	Only CNB is used.	channel 32 - 63	channel 16 - 31	--	--	--
EPD-68A	CNA/B is used *3	channel 0 - 63	channel 0 - 31	○ *4	○ *4	○ *4
DTP-64						
ATP-32F	Only CNA is used.	channel 0 - 31	--	○	○	○
	Only CNB is used.	channel 32 - 63	--	--	--	--
	CNA/B is used *3	channel 0 - 63	--	○ *4	○ *4	○ *4
ATP-8	Only CNA is used.	channel 0 - 7	--	○	○	○
	Only CNB is used.	channel 32 - 39	--	--	--	--
	CNA/B is used *3	channel 0 - 7, 32 - 39 *5	--	○ *4	○ *4	○ *4

*1 AI External Start Trigger Input, AI External Stop Trigger Input, AI External Clock Trigger Input

*2 Counter Gate Control Input, Counter Up Clock Input, Counter Output

*3 Two sets of terminal blocks and optional cables are required each.

*4 Make wiring on the CAN side.

*5 Two or more only of channel 32 - 39 sampling cannot be done.

Connector Pin Assignment Single-Ended Input (CNA, CNB)

NC	68	34	NC	N.C.	1	85 Analog Ground (for AI)
NC	67	33	NC	N.C.	2	86 Analog Ground (for AI)
NC	66	32	NC	Analog Ground (for AI)	3	87 Analog Ground (for AI)
NC	65	31	NC	Analog Input 00	4	88 Analog Input 16
NC	64	30	NC	Analog Input 01	5	89 Analog Input 17
NC	63	29	NC	Analog Input 02	6	90 Analog Input 18
NC	62	28	NC	Analog Input 03	7	91 Analog Input 19
Digital Ground	61	27	NC	Analog Ground (for AI)	8	92 Analog Ground (for AI)
NC	60	26	NC	Analog Input 04	9	93 Analog Input 20
NC	59	25	NC	Analog Input 05	10	94 Analog Input 21
Digital Ground	58	24	NC	Analog Input 06	11	95 Analog Input 22
NC	57	23	NC	Analog Input 07	12	96 Analog Input 23
Analog Input 63	56	22	NC	Analog Ground (for AI)	13	97 Analog Ground (for AI)
Analog Input 62	55	21	NC	Analog Input 08	14	98 Analog Input 24
Analog Input 61	54	20	NC	Analog Input 09	15	99 Analog Input 25
Analog Input 60	53	19	NC	Analog Input 10	16	50 Analog Input 26
Analog Ground (for AI)	52	18	NC	Analog Input 11	17	51 Analog Input 27
Analog Input 59	51	17	NC	Analog Ground (for AI)	18	52 Analog Ground (for AI)
Analog Input 58	50	16	NC	Analog Input 12	19	53 Analog Input 28
Analog Input 57	49	15	NC	Analog Input 13	20	54 Analog Input 29
Analog Input 56	48	14	NC	Analog Input 14	21	55 Analog Input 30
Analog Ground (for AI)	47	13	NC	Analog Input 15	22	56 Analog Input 31
Analog Input 55	46	12	NC	AI External Start Trigger Input	23	57 AI External Stop Trigger Input
Analog Input 54	45	11	NC	AI External Sampling Clock Input	24	58 Digital Ground
Analog Input 53	44	10	NC	10	25	59 N.C.
Analog Input 52	43	9	NC	9	26	60 N.C.
Analog Ground (for AI)	42	8	NC	8	27	61 Digital Ground
Analog Input 51	41	7	NC	7	28	62 N.C.
Analog Input 50	40	6	NC	6	29	63 Digital Input 01
Analog Input 49	39	5	NC	5	30	64 Digital Input 03
Analog Input 48	38	4	NC	4	31	65 Digital Output 01
Analog Ground (for AI)	37	3	NC	3	32	66 Digital Output 03
Analog Ground (for AI)	36	2	NC	2	33	67 Counter Output
Analog Ground (for AI)	35	1	NC	1	34	68 Reserved (Counter Input)

Analog Input00 - Analog Input63

Analog input signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.

Analog Ground

Common analog ground for analog input signals.

AI External Start Trigger Input

External trigger input for starting analog input sampling.

AI External Stop Trigger Input

External trigger input for stopping analog input sampling.

AI External Sampling Clock Input

External sampling clock input for analog input.

Digital Input00 - Digital Input03

Digital input signal.

Digital Output00 - Digital Output03

Digital output signal.

Counter Gate Control Input

Gate control input signal for counter.

Counter Up Clock Input

Count-up clock input signal for counter.

Counter Output

Count output signal.

Digital Ground

Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs, external sampling clock inputs, and counter I/O signals.

Reserved

Reserved pin.

N.C.

No connection to this pin.

CAUTION

- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
- If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
- Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

Single-Ended Input (ADC-68M/96F)

N.C.	B01	A01	N.C.
N.C.	B02	A02	N.C.
N.C.	B03	A03	N.C.
N.C.	B04	A04	N.C.
N.C.	B05	A05	N.C.
N.C.	B06	A06	N.C.
N.C.	B07	A07	N.C.
Digital Ground	B08	A08	Digital Ground
N.C.	B09	A09	N.C.
N.C.	B10	A10	N.C.
N.C.	B11	A11	N.C.
N.C.	B12	A12	N.C.
N.C.	B13	A13	N.C.
N.C.	B14	A14	N.C.
N.C.	B15	A15	N.C.
N.C.	B16	A16	N.C.
N.C.	B17	A17	N.C.
N.C.	B18	A18	N.C.
N.C.	B19	A19	N.C.
N.C.	B20	A20	N.C.
Analog Ground (for AI)	B21	A21	Analog Ground (fo AI)
Analog Ground (for AI)	B22	A22	Analog Ground (fo AI)
Analog Input 63	B23	A23	Analog Input 55
Analog Input 47	B24	A24	Analog Input 39
Analog Input 62	B25	A25	Analog Input 54
Analog Input 46	B26	A26	Analog Input 38
N.C.	B27	A27	N.C.
N.C.	B28	A28	N.C.
Analog Input 51	B29	A29	Analog Input 53
Analog Input 45	B30	A30	Analog Input 37
Analog Input 60	B31	A31	Analog Input 52
Analog Input 44	B32	A32	Analog Input 36
Analog Ground (for AI)	B33	A33	Analog Ground (fo AI)
Analog Ground (for AI)	B34	A34	Analog Ground (fo AI)
Analog Input 59	B35	A35	Analog Input 51
Analog Input 43	B36	A36	Analog Input 35
Analog Input 58	B37	A37	Analog Input 50
Analog Input 42	B38	A38	Analog Input 34
N.C.	B39	A39	N.C.
N.C.	B40	A40	N.C.
Analog Input 57	B41	A41	Analog Input 49
Analog Input 41	B42	A42	Analog Input 33
Analog Input 56	B43	A43	Analog Input 48
Analog Input 40	B44	A44	Analog Input 32
N.C.	B45	A45	Analog Ground (fo AI)
N.C.	B46	A46	N.C.
N.C.	B47	A47	Analog Ground (fo AI)
N.C.	B48	A48	N.C.

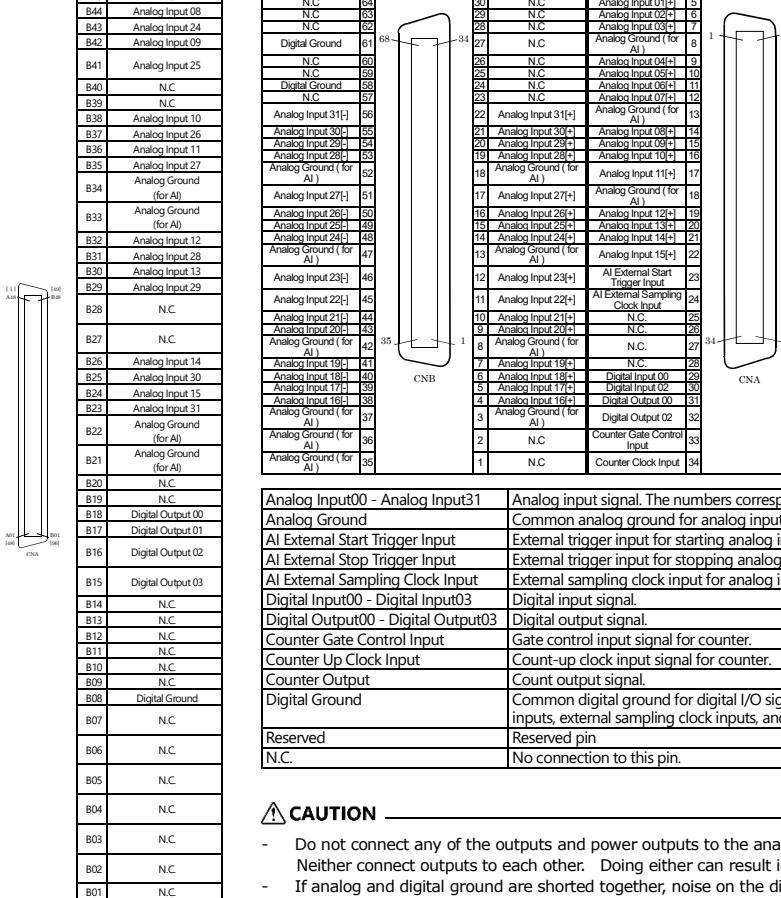
[] shows the pin No. specified by HONDA TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD.

Analog Input00 - Analog Input63	Analog input signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Common analog ground for analog input signals.
AI External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog input sampling.
AI External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog input sampling.
AI External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog input.
Digital Input00 - Digital Input3	Digital input signal.
Digital Output00 - Digital Output3	Digital output signal.
Counter Gate Control Input	Gate control input signal for counter.
Counter Up Clock Input	Count-up clock input signal for counter.
Counter Output	Count output signal.
Digital Ground	Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs, external sampling clock inputs, and counter I/O signals.
Reserved	Reserved pin
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

CAUTION

- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
 - If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
 - Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

Differential Input (CNA, CNB)



Analog Input00 - Analog Input31	Analog input signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Common analog ground for analog input signals.
AI External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog input sampling.
AI External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog input sampling.
AI External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog input.
Digital Input00 - Digital Input3	Digital input signal.
Digital Output00 - Digital Output03	Digital output signal.
Counter Gate Control Input	Gate control input signal for counter.
Counter Up Clock Input	Count-up clock input signal for counter.
Counter Output	Count output signal.
Digital Ground	Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs, external sampling clock inputs, and counter I/O signals.
Reserved	Reserved pin
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

! CAUTION

- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
 - If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
 - Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

Differential Input (ADC-68M/96F)

N.C.	B01	A01	N.C.		N.C.	A48	B48	N.C.
N.C.	B02	A02	N.C.			A47	B47	N.C.
N.C.	B03	A03	N.C.			A46	B46	N.C.
N.C.	B04	A04	N.C.			A45	B45	N.C.
N.C.	B05	A05	N.C.			A44	B44	Analog Input 08(+)
N.C.	B06	A06	N.C.			A43	B43	Analog Input 08(-)
N.C.	B07	A07	N.C.			A42	B42	Analog Input 09(+)
Digital Ground	B08	A08	Digital Ground			A41	B41	Analog Input 09(-)
N.C.	B09	A09	N.C.			A40	B40	N.C.
N.C.	B10	A10	N.C.			A39	B39	N.C.
N.C.	B11	A11	N.C.			A38	B38	Analog Input 10(+)
N.C.	B12	A12	N.C.			A37	B37	Analog Input 10(-)
N.C.	B13	A13	N.C.			A36	B36	Analog Input 11(+)
N.C.	B14	A14	N.C.			A35	B35	Analog Input 11(-)
N.C.	B15	A15	N.C.			A34	B34	Analog Ground (for AI)
N.C.	B16	A16	N.C.			A33	B33	Analog Ground (for AI)
N.C.	B17	A17	N.C.			A32	B32	Analog Input 12(+)
N.C.	B18	A18	N.C.			A31	B31	Analog Input 12(-)
N.C.	B19	A19	N.C.			A30	B30	Analog Input 13(+)
N.C.	B20	A20	N.C.			A29	B29	Analog Input 13(-)
Analog Ground (for AI)	B21	A21	Analog Ground (for AI)			A28	B28	N.C.
Analog Ground (for AI)	B22	A22	Analog Ground (for AI)			A27	B27	N.C.
Analog Input 31[-]	B23	A23	Analog Input 23(-)			A26	B26	Analog Input 14(+)
Analog Input 31[+]	B24	A24	Analog Input 23(+)			A25	B25	Analog Input 14(-)
Analog Input 30[-]	B25	A25	Analog Input 22(-)			A24	B24	Analog Input 15(+)
Analog Input 30[+]	B26	A26	Analog Input 22(+)			A23	B23	Analog Input 15(-)
N.C.	B27	A27	N.C.			A22	B22	Analog Ground (for AI)
N.C.	B28	A28	N.C.			A21	B21	Analog Ground (for AI)
Analog Input 29[-]	B29	A29	Analog Input 21(-)			A20	B20	N.C.
Analog Input 29[+]	B30	A30	Analog Input 21(+)			A19	B19	N.C.
Analog Input 28[-]	B31	A31	Analog Input 20(-)			A18	B18	Digital Output 00
Analog Input 28[+]	B32	A32	Analog Input 20(+)			A17	B17	Digital Output 01
Analog Ground (for AI)	B33	A33	Analog Ground (for AI)			A16	B16	Digital Output 02
Analog Ground (for AI)	B34	A34	Analog Ground (for AI)			A15	B15	Digital Output 03
Analog Input 27[-]	B35	A35	Analog Input 19(-)			A14	B14	N.C.
Analog Input 27[+]	B36	A36	Analog Input 19(+)			A13	B13	N.C.
Analog Input 26[-]	B37	A37	Analog Input 18(-)			A12	B12	N.C.
Analog Input 26[+]	B38	A38	Analog Input 18(+)			A11	B11	N.C.
N.C.	B39	A39	N.C.			A10	B10	N.C.
N.C.	B40	A40	N.C.			A09	B09	N.C.
Analog Input 25[-]	B41	A41	Analog Input 17(-)			A08	B08	Digital Ground
Analog Input 25[+]	B42	A42	Analog Input 17(+)			A07	B07	N.C.
Analog Input 24[-]	B43	A43	Analog Input 16(-)			A06	B06	N.C.
Analog Input 24[+]	B44	A44	Analog Input 16(+)			A05	B05	N.C.
N.C.	B45	A45	Analog Ground (for AI)			A04	B04	N.C.
N.C.	B46	A46	N.C.			A03	B03	N.C.
N.C.	B47	A47	Analog Ground (for AI)			A02	B02	N.C.
N.C.	B48	A48	N.C.			A01	B01	N.C.

[] shows the pin No. specified by HONDA TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD.

Analog Input00 - Analog Input31	Analog input signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Common analog ground for analog input signals.
AI External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog input sampling.
AI External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog input sampling.
AI External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog input.
Digital Input00 - Digital Input03	Digital input signal.
Digital Output00 - Digital Output03	Digital output signal.
Counter Gate Control Input	Gate control input signal for counter.
Counter Up Clock Input	Count-up clock input signal for counter.
Counter Output	Count output signal.
Digital Ground	Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs, external sampling clock inputs, and counter I/O signals.
Reserved	Reserved pin.
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
- If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
- Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

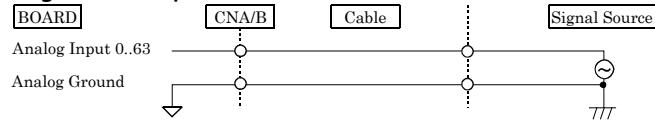
Analog Input Signal Connection

The procedure for connecting analog signals depends on whether the analog input signals are single-ended or differential. The sections below describe how to connect the signals using flat cable and shielded cable.

Single-ended Input

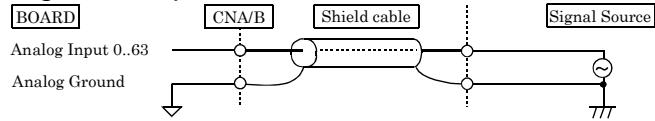
The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection. Connect separate signal and ground wires for each analog input channel on CNA/B.

Single-ended Input Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CNA/B, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.

Single-ended Input Connection (Shield Cable)



⚠ CAUTION

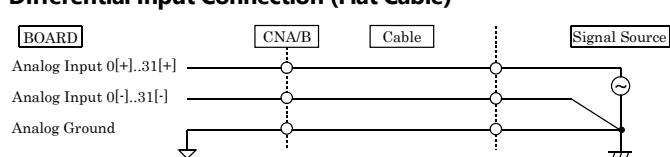
- If the signal source contains over 1MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.
- If the board and the signal source receive noise or the distance between the board and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.
- An input analog signal should not exceed the maximum input voltage (relate to the board analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, the board may be damaged.
- Connect all the unused analog input channels to analog ground.
- The signal connected to an input pin may fluctuate after switching of the multiplexer. If this occurs, shorten the cable between the signal source and the analog input pin or insert a high-speed amplifier as a buffer between the two to reduce the fluctuation.
- An input pin may fail to obtain input data normally when the signal source connected to the pin has high impedance. If this is the case, change the signal source to one with lower output impedance or insert a high-speed amplifier buffer between the signal source and the analog input pin to reduce the effect.

Differential Input Connection (Flat Cable)

The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection.

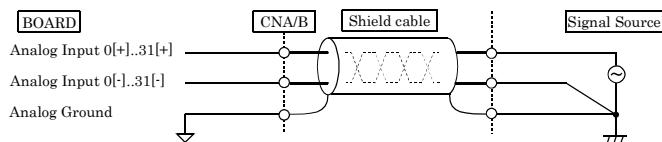
For each analog input channel on CNA/B, connect the "+" input to the signal and connect the "-" input to the signal source ground. Also connect the analog ground on the board to the signal source ground.

Differential Input Connection (Flat Cable)



The following figure shows an example of shielded cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CNA/B, connect the "+" input to the signal and connect the "-" input to the signal source ground. Also connect the analog ground on the board and the signal source ground to the shielding.

Differential Input Connection (Shield Cable)



⚠ CAUTION

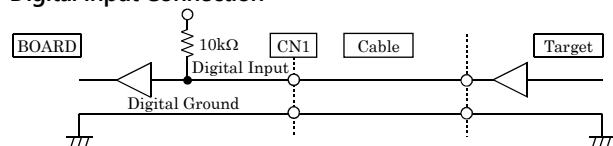
- If the signal source contains over 1MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.
- When the analog ground is not connected, the conversion data is not determined.
- If the board and the signal source receive noise or the distance between the board and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.
- An input analog signal should not exceed the maximum input voltage (relate to the board analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, the board may be damaged.
- Connect all the unused analog input channels to analog ground.
- The signal connected to an input pin may fluctuate after switching of the multiplexer. If this occurs, shorten the cable between the signal source and the analog input pin or insert a high-speed amplifier as a buffer between the two to reduce the fluctuation.
- An input pin may fail to obtain input data normally when the signal source connected to the pin has high impedance. If this is the case, change the signal source to one with lower output impedance or insert a high-speed amplifier buffer between the signal source and the analog input pin to reduce the effect.

Digital I/O signals, Counter signals and Control signals Connection

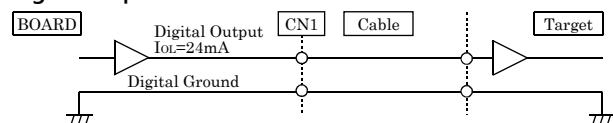
The following sections show examples of how to connect digital I/O signals, counter I/O signals, and other control I/O signals (external trigger input signals, sampling clock input signals, etc.).

All the digital I/O signals and control signals are TTL level signals.

Digital Input Connection



Digital Output Connection



Counter input signal control

The counter gate control input enables or disables the external clock input to the counter. You can use this function to control the external clock input to the counter. The external clock input to the counter is enabled when the input is "High" and disabled when the input is "Low". As the pin has an internal pull-up on the board (or card), the default if not connected is "High". As a result, the external clock for the counter is enabled if this pin is not connected.

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not short the output signals to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.