

Isolated Digital I/O Board for Low Profile PCI (Internal power supply) PIO-16/16B(LPCI)H



* Specifications, color and design of the products are subject to change without notice.

Features

A different external power supply can be used for each common pin as it is shared by 16 channels.

The PCI bus (personal computer) and the I/O interface are isolated from each other by an Optocoupler, offering good noise immunity.

You can use all of the input signals as interrupt inputs. You can also select the interrupt trigger edge of the input signal.

The board has a digital filter feature to prevent noise or chatter from causing erroneous inputs.

Up to 35VDC, 100mA per signal, max. output.

Zener diode connected to output transistors for protection from surge voltage. Overcurrent protective device provided for every eight channels of output transistors.

The board carries an Optocoupler driving power supply. You can select whether to use the internal power supply or an external power supply.

Support for both of low-profile and standard PCI slots (interchangeable with a bundled bracket).

This board is a PCI-compliant interface board for input/output of digital signals.

The board can input and output digital signals at 12 - 24 VDC. The board supports a low-profile PCI slot and, if replaced with the supplied bracket, supports a PCI slot, too.

This product can input and output up to 16 channels.

Using the bundled API function library package [API-PAC(W32)], you can create Windows application software for this board in your favorite programming language supporting Win32 API functions, such as Visual Basic or Visual C/C++.

Specification

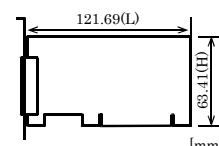
Item	Specification
Input	
Input format	Optocoupler isolated input (Compatible with current sink output)(Negative logic *1)
Number of input signal channels	16 channels (all available for interrupts) (1 common)
Input resistance	4.7kΩ
Input ON current	2.0mA or more
Input OFF current	0.16mA or less
Interrupt	16 interrupt input signals are arranged into a single output of interrupt signal INTA. An interrupt is generated at the rising edge (HIGH-to-LOW transition) or falling edge (LOW-to-HIGH transition).
Response time	200μsec within
Output	
Output format	Optocoupler isolated open collector output (current sink type) (Negative logic*1)
Number of output signal channels	16 channels (1 common)
Output rating	35VDC (Max.)
Output voltage	
Output current	100mA (par channel) (Max.)
Residual voltage with output on	0.5V or less (Output current≤50mA), 1.0V or less (Output current≤100mA)
Surge protector	Goods corresponding to Zener diode RD47FM(NEC) or equivalent
Response time	200μsec within
Common	
I/O address	Any 32-byte boundary
Interruption level	1 level use
Max. board count for connection	16 boards including the master board
Dielectric strength	1000Vrms
External circuit power supply	12 - 24VDC(±10%)
Built-in power supply	12VDC 250mA *2
Power consumption	5VDC 600mA(Max.) (Using the built-in power supply) 5VDC 150mA(Max.) (Using the external power supply)
Operating condition	0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation)
Common	
Allowable distance of signal extension	Approx. 50m (depending on wiring environment)
PCI bus specification	33bit, 33MHz, Universal key shapes supported *3
Dimension (mm)	121.69(L) x 63.41(H)
Weight	60g
Certification	VCCI Class A, CE Marking (EMC Directive Class A, RoHS Directive), UKCA

*1 Data "0" and "1" correspond to the High and Low levels, respectively.

*2 When the internal power supply is used, the input section consumes a maximum of 42mA and the output channel switching section consumes a maximum of 20mA. In this case, therefore, the output current to be supplied from the board is 188mA.

*3 This board requires power supply at +5 V from an expansion slot (it does not work on a machine with a +3.3-V power supply alone).

Board Dimensions



The standard outside dimension (L) is the distance from the end of the board to the outer surface of the slot cover.

Support Software

Driver Software Package API-PAC(W32) (Available for downloading (free of charge) from the CONTEC web site.)

API-PAC(W32) is the library software that provides the commands for CONTEC hardware products in the form of Windows standard Win32 API functions (DLL). It makes it easy to create high-speed application software taking advantage of the CONTEC hardware using various programming languages that support Win32 API functions, such as Visual Basic and Visual C/C++.

It can also be used by the installed diagnosis program to check hardware operations.

CONTEC provides download services to supply the updated drivers and differential files.

For details, read Help on the bundled Disk or visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Linux version of digital I/O driver API-DIO(LNX) (Supplied: Stored on the API-PAC(W32) Disk)

This driver is used to control CONTEC digital I/O boards (cards) from within Linux.

You can control CONTEC I/O boards easily using the shared library used by gcc and Kylix, the device driver (module) for each kernel version, and the board (card) configuration program (config).

CONTEC provides download services to supply the updated drivers and differential files.

For details, read Help on the bundled Disk or visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data acquisition VI library for LabVIEW VI-DAQ (Free download)

This is a VI library to use in National Instruments LabVIEW. VI-DAQ is created with a function form similar to that of LabVIEW's Data Acquisition VI, allowing you to use various devices without complicated settings.

For more details on the library and download of VI-DAQ, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Packing List

Board[PIO-16/16B(LPCI)H] ... 1
 First step guide ... 1
 Disk *1 [API-PAC(W32)] ... 1
 Bracket for PCI... 1
 Serial number label... 1
 Product Registration Card & Warranty Certificate... 1

*1 The Disk contains the driver software and User's Guide.

Cable & Connector

Cable (Option)

Shield Cable with Two 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connector

- : PCB50PS-0.5P(0.5m)
- : PCB50PS-1.5P(1.5m)
- : PCB50PS-3P(3m)
- : PCB50PS-5P(5m)

Shield Cable with One 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connector

- : PCA50PS-0.5P(0.5m)
- : PCA50PS-1.5P(1.5m)
- : PCA50PS-3P(3m)
- : PCA50PS-5P(5m)

Connection Conversion 0.5m Shield Cable
 (50-Pin Ribbon->37-Pin D-SUB) : PCE50/37PS-0.5P(0.5m)

Accessories

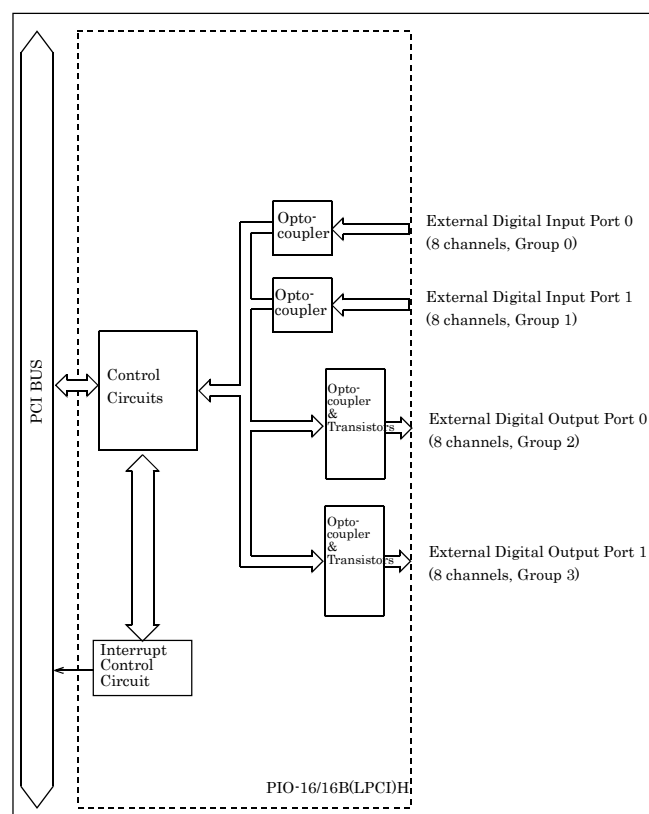
Accessories (Option)

Screw Terminal Unit (M3 terminal block, 50 points)	: EPD-50A *1
Screw Terminal Unit (M3 terminal block, 37 points)	: EPD-37A *2
Screw Terminal Unit (M3.5 terminal block, 37 points)	: EPD-37 *2
Termination Panel (M3)	: DTP-3C *3
Termination Panel	: DTP-4C *3
Signal Monitor for Digital I/O	: CM-32L *2

*1 PCB50PS-*P optional cable is required separately.
 *2 PCE50/37PS-0.5P and PCB37P or PCB37PS optional cable is required separately.
 *3 PCE50/37PS-0.5P optional cable is required separately.

* Check the CONTEC's Web site for more information on these options.

Block Diagram



Connecting a Device to a Connector

Interface connector (CN1)

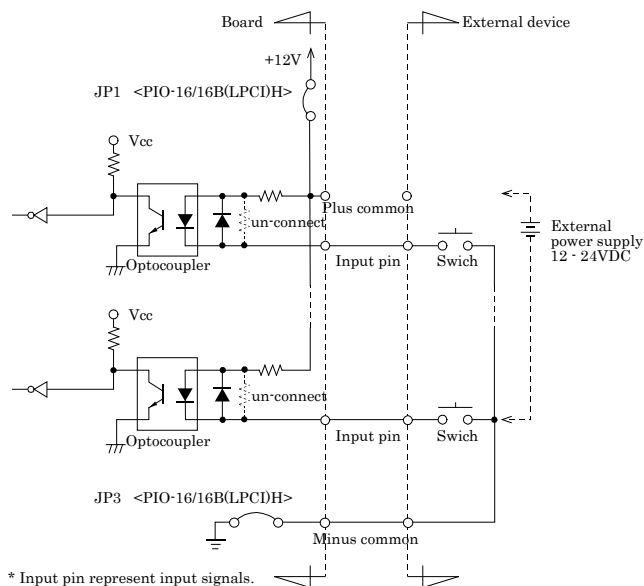
- Connector used
50-Pin Mini-Ribbon connector
10250-52A2JL [mfd. by 3M]
- Appllicable connector
10150-6000EL [mfd. by 3M]

CN1

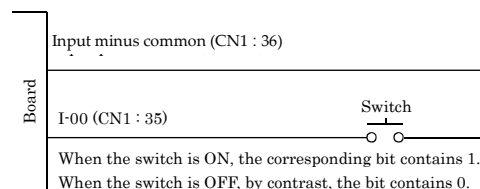
Common minus pin for +2/+3 output ports	ON 2/3	50	25	-ON 2/3	Common minus pin for +2/+3 output ports
Common minus pin for +2/+3 output ports	O-25	42	17	-ON 2/3	Common minus pin for +2/+3 output ports
	O-20	48	23	O-31	
	O-21	47	22	O-31	
	O-22	46	21	O-32	
	O-23	45	20	O-33	
	O-24	44	19	O-34	
	O-25	43	18	O-35	
	O-26	42	17	O-36	
	O-27	41	16	O-37	
Common plus pin for +2/+3 output ports	OP 2/3	40	15	OP 2/3	Common plus pin for +2/+3 output ports
Common plus pin for +2/+3 output ports	OP 2/3	39	14	OP 2/3	Common plus pin for +2/+3 output ports
	N.C.			N.C.	
Common minus pin for +0/+1 input ports	IN 0/1	37	12	IN 0/1	Common minus pin for +0/+1 input ports
Common minus pin for +0/+1 input ports	IN 0/1	36	11	IN 0/1	Common minus pin for +0/+1 input ports
	I-00	35	10	I-10	
	I-01	34	9	I-11	
	I-02	33	8	I-12	
	I-03	32	7	I-13	
	I-04	31	6	I-14	
	I-05	30	5	I-15	
	I-06	29	4	I-16	
	I-07	28	3	I-17	
Common plus pin for +0/+1 input ports	IP 0/1	27	2	IP 0/1	Common plus pin for +0/+1 input ports
Common plus pin for +0/+1 input ports	IP 0/1	26	1	IP 0/1	Common plus pin for +0/+1 input ports

I-00 - I-17	16 input signal pins. Connect output signals from the external device to these pins.
O20 - O37	16 output signal pins. Connect these pins to the input signal pins of the external device.
IP 0/1	When the external power supply is selected, its positive side is connected to this pin. When the internal power supply is used, this pin outputs power at +12 V. These pins are common to 16 input signal pins.
OP 2/3	When the external power supply is selected, its positive side is connected to this pin. When the internal power supply is used, this pin outputs power at +12 V. These pins are common to 16 output signal pins.
IN 0/1	When the external power supply is selected, its negative side is connected to this pin. When the internal power supply is selected, this pin serves as the ground. These pins are common to 16 input signal pins.
ON 2/3	When the external power supply is selected, its negative side is connected to this pin. When the internal power supply is selected, this pin serves as the ground. These pins are common to 16 output signal pins.
N.C.	This pin is left unconnected.

Input Circuit

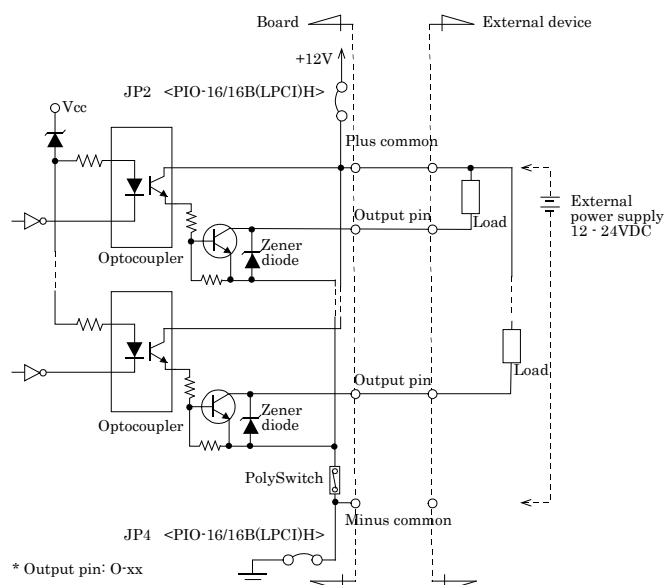


Connecting a Switch



Connecting Output Signals

Output Circuit

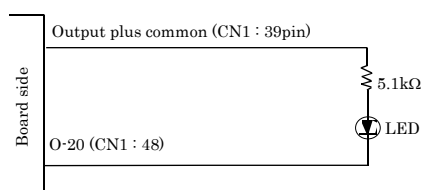


The output circuit of interface is illustrated in the image above. The signal output section is an opto-coupler isolated, open-collector output (current sink type). The rated output current per channel is 100 mA at maximum. The output section can also be connected to a TTL level input as it uses a low-saturated transistor for output. The residual voltage (low-level voltage) between the collector and emitter with the output on is 0.5 V or less at an output current within 50 mA or at most 1.0 V at an output current within 100 mA. A zener diode is connected to the output transistor for protection from surge voltages. A PolySwitch-based overcurrent protector is provided for every eight output transistors. When the overcurrent protector works, the output section of the board is temporarily disabled. If this is the case, turn of the power to the PC and the external power supply and wait for a few minutes, then turn them on back.

CAUTION

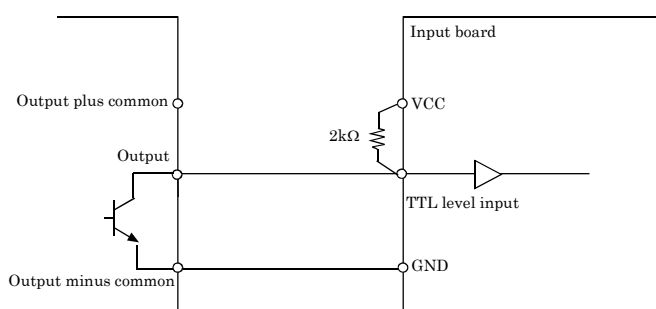
When the PC is turned on, all output are reset to OFF.

Connection to the LED



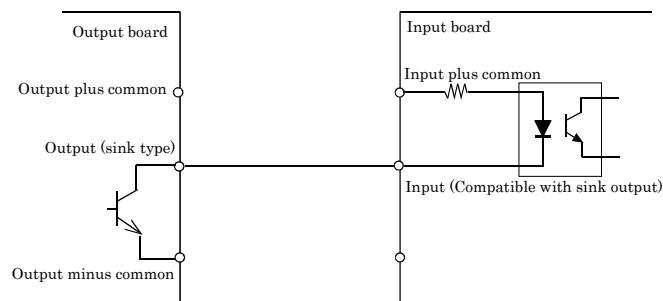
When "1" is output to a relevant bit, the corresponding LED comes on.
When "0" is output to the bit, in contrast, the LED goes out.

Example of Connection to TTL Level Input



Connecting the Sink Type Output and Sink Output Support Input

The following example shows a connection between a sink type output (output board) and a sink output support input (input board). Refer to this connection example when you connect such boards to each other.



Differences between the PIO-16/16B(LPCI)H and PIO-16/16B(PCI)H

This product is connector-pin compatible with the conventional PIO-16/16B(PCI)H but has the following differences from it:

- (1) Different in connector shape and pin assignment
 PIO-16/16B(LPCI)H : 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon connector
 PIO-16/16B(PCI)H : 37-Pin D-SUB
- (2) Different in board dimensions
 PIO-16/16B(LPCI)H : 121.69(L) x 63.41(H) mm
 PIO-16/16B(PCI)H : 121.69(L) x 105.68(H) mm
- (3) Different in internal power supply capacity
 PIO-16/16B(LPCI)H : 12VDC 250mA
 PIO-16/16B(PCI)H : 12VDC 240mA